REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188 Public reporting curden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Washington Headquarters Services. Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503. 2. REPORT DATE 3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED 1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank) 15 February 1998 Final 1 Jan 95 - 31 Dec 97 4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE 5. FUNDING NUMBERS Planetary Waves in the Ionosphere G F49620-95-1-0118 6. AUTHOR(S) J. M. Forbes AFRL-SR-BL-TR-98-7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAMES(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Department of Aerospace Engineering Sciences CB 429 University of Colorado Boulder, CO 80309-0429 N/A 9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAMES(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) 10. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER AFOSR/NG Nm Bolling AFB Washington, D.C. 20332 11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT 12. DISTRIBUTION CODE Unlimited 13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) The objectives of this grant are to delineate and to better understand oscilla-

tions in ionospheric structure which occur at planetary-wave periods (i.e., 2-10 days). Effort has concentrated on analyses of about 30 years' of archived ionosonde data from a global array of stations, and some satellite-based measurements of total electron content. The study has produced statistics concerning amplitude variability, season dependence and longitudinal structure pertaining to the quasi two-day oscillation. The P.I. has also formulated some theories concerning the physical origin of the quasi two-day ionospheric oscillation.

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FINAL REPORT

"Planetary Waves in the lonosphere" Grant F49620-95-1-0118

Jeffrey M. Forbes, Principal Investigator

Department of Aerospace Engineering Sciences University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80309

February 15, 1998

Objectives and Overview: The objectives of this grant are to delineate and better understand oscillations in ionospheric structure which occur at planetary-wave periods (i.e., 2-10 days). Effort has concentrated on analyses of about 30 years' of archived ionosonde data from a global array of stations, and some satellite-based measurements of total electron content. The study produced statistics concerning seasonal has amplitude variability. dependence and longitudinal structure pertaining to the quasi two-day The P.I. has also formulated some theories concerning the physical origin of the quasi-two-day ionospheric oscillation. Results of this work have been published in one M.S. Thesis and four journal articles. In addition, reporting work completed under previous AFOSR Grant F49620-92-J-0092, an additional journal article involving the simulation of the global transport and localized layering of metallic ions was submitted and accepted for publication.

Summary of Accomplishments/New Findings: This research has quantitatively documented the quasi-two-day ionospheric oscillation, and has connected this oscillation with the "2-day wave" known to exist in the stratosphere and mesosphere. The oscillation is shown to usually occur with amplitudes in the range \pm 0.4-1.0 Mhz superimposed on a background of order 10.0 Mhz. Zonal wavenumber characteristics (i.e., longitude dependence) and seasonal occurrence frequencies have also been quantified. This information will now permit some measure of predictability of this phenomenon, which represents one of the components of "space weather" which originate in the lower atmosphere. Although unexplored to date, similar variations are likely to

occurr in radio interference phenomena such as scintillation. The work on metallic ions is the first to self-consistently model the sequence of meteoric deposition of metals (i.e., Fe and Fe⁺), global transport in the F-region due to winds and electric fields, the formation of thin high-density descending layers in the E-region, and chemical destruction below 100 km.

The relevance of this work is that it represents one step in understanding the causes of variability in fidelity of communications which transit the ionosphere. Understanding the causes and likelihood of ionospheric variability will allow military and civilian users to choose communications options or pathways that minimize ionospheric degradation.

Personnel: Personnel supported under the grant include the P.I. (faculty member), and the following graduate students: R. Guffee, X. Zhang, D. Revelle and M. Angelats Coll.

Publications: The following publications have resulted from the research effort:

- Guffee, R., "Quasi 2-Day Wave in the Ionospheric F-Region, Thesis submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Master of Science, Department of Aerospace Engineering Sciences, University of Colorado at Boulder, 1995.
- Forbes, J.M., "Planetary Waves in the Thermosphere-Ionosphere System", J. *Geomagnetism and Geoelectricity*, 48, 91-98, 1996.
- J.M. Forbes, R. Guffee, X. Zhang, D. Fritts, D. Riggin, A. Manson, C. Meek and R.A. Vincent, "Quasi 2-day oscillation of the ionosphere during the summer of 1992, *Journal of Geophysical Research*, <u>102</u>, 7301-7305, 1997.
- J.M. Forbes and X. Zhang, "Quasi 2-day oscillation of the ionosphere: A statistical study", *Journal of Atmospheric and Solar-Terrestrial Physics*, <u>59</u>, 1025-1034, 1997.

J.M. Forbes, D. Revelle, X. Zhang and R.E. Markin, "Longitude structure of the ionosphere F-region from TOPEX/Poseidon and ground-based data during January 20-30, 1993, Including the quasi-two-day oscillation", *Journal of Geophysical Research*, 102, 7293-7299, 1996.

Carter, L.N., and J.M. Forbes, Global transport and localized layering of metallic ions in the upper atmosphere, Ann. Geophys., in press, 1998.

Interactions/transitions: The following presentations have been made at conferences:

Forbes, J.M., "Planetary Waves Influences on the Ionosphere", invited review presented at the IUGG XXI General Assembly, Boulder, Colorado, July 5-19, 1995.

Forbes, J.M., "Longitude structure of the ionosphere F-region from TOPEX/Poseidon and ground-based data during January 20-30, 1993, Including the quasi-two-day oscillation", COSPAR Meeting, Birmingham England, July, 1996.

New discoveries, inventions, patents: None

Honors/Awards: None